Short Communication

Range Mgmt. & Agroforestry 43 (1): 176-179, 2022

ISSN 0971-2070



Effect of stem rot disease on berseem protein content and digestibility

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Received: 5th February, 2021 Accepted: 15th March, 2022

Abstract

The effect of *sclerotinia* stem rot on crude protein (CP) content and *in vitro* dry matter digestibility (IVDMD) was assessed in berseem fodder. The stem rot infected berseem samples were collected from different locations of Punjab during 2019-2020 cropping season. The scale of 0–9 was used to determine severity of infection on randomly selected berseem plants. The results showed that the severity of disease was found to affect berseem fodder quality negatively. Berseem CP was significantly (P<0.05) lower in severely infected samples compared to uninfected or less severely infected samples. The regression analysis showed that CP and IVDMD were also negatively related to *sclerotinia* stem rot severity.

Keywords: Berseem, Crude protein, In vitro dry matter digestibility, Stem rot